

## You Can't go Wrong If You Buy a Success Sulky

It is well built, neat in construction, simple, strong and durable, yet it is the :

Lightest Draft Sulky Known

## The Canton Clipper Stalk Cutter is of the Same Family

And has the same good reputation. No stalk too large. No stalk too tough for it to cut. The cylinder will not choke with trash, mud or grass. A sure cutter and a winner wherever it goes.

A BUCK'S STOVE MEANS  
COMFORT IN THE HOME

**Grider Implement Co.**

Judge Townsend's Decision  
Makes no difference with us. We have money to loan on surplus lands of intermarried citizens and Indians with the restrictions removed. We have an extra good proposition to make you. Call and see us. **Whale & Cox, over First National Bank. 123-2-1.**

### J. D. CARTER, Civil Engineer and Surveyor

Graduate in Civil Engineering.  
Five years experience in railroad and land surveying.

BOX 475, DURANT, I. T.  
Office over Stevens-Hale Building.

### Give us Your Money

WHEN we deliver the goods and we'll give you more groceries than any store in town can give you. Buying for cash and selling for cash makes us able to do this. What other merchants lose in bad debts we give to our customers in in goods. A great many people look to this store for their supplies—they have solved the problem of good groceries and economy. It is now up to you. Good groceries and more for your money than any store in town.

**E. G. Howard**  
Durant's Busy Grocer.

### Sewing Machine Supplies

Of all kinds on hand, see

**A. B. Clark**

At W. A. Clark's undertaking establishment.

## OMNIBUS STATEHOOD MEASURE AWAITS A NOD FROM CANNON

Washington, Jan. 10.—The speaker has most of the recalcitrants seated upon stools of repentance. The rebellion against the absolutism of the Committee on Rules is virtually at an end. At the utmost, there are probably not more than twenty-five who still proclaim their opposition to the omnibus statehood bill and the Philippine tariff bill. The rebels, therefore, became discouraged, and thus easily susceptible to the speaker's arguments. The adoption of the rule which will be brought in with the statehood bill is almost assured, and, consequently the passage of the bill itself. The senate may, and probably will, amend it so as to exclude New Mexico and Arizona from its provisions. Then the opponents of the omnibus bill will be able to work more effectively. The introduction of the bill awaits the psychological moment, which is apt to come this week. The psychological moment will be that when the republican whip shall have all the bill's supporters in the house. Some think it may be today, but what seems to be the better opinion is that a day or two will be allowed the insurgents to recover from the humility of defeat.

The bill is quite ready. Its presentation merely awaits a nod from the speaker. As finally agreed to by the committee the measure does not differ notably from the measure introduced by Chairman Hamilton, except in that it provides as a condition of statehood, that the sale of liquor

shall be forbidden in what is now Indian Territory and the Osage reservation for a period of twenty-one years.

The usual restrictions are imposed as to constitutional guarantees of the rights of persons and property, and, as has heretofore been noted in despatches, constitutional prohibition of the liquor traffic in what is now Indian Territory and the Indian reservation of Oklahoma is made a condition to statehood.

Washington, Jan. 10.—Speaker Cannon's effort to win the insurgents over to the Hamilton joint statehood bill have met with little success, apparently, and the joint statehood proposition is still shrouded in uncertainty. The insurgents claim fifty-eight votes the number which, coupled with the solid democratic vote, will force a consideration of the amendments to the Hamilton bill.

Two or three republicans are reported to have been won over to the administration measure through Speaker Cannon, but the weakening in the opposition is so slight that until further changes are brought about the bill will not be taken up before the house.

The speaker is still firm in his purpose to have the bill and no other statehood proposition laid before the house as the administration measure.

All sorts of compromises have been suggested by the insurgents, but have met with no favor at the hands of the supporters of joint statehood.

Was Unanimous.  
Covington, Okla., Jan. 10.—Citizens ticket was elected unanimously.

Decided Drop.  
Guthrie, Jan. 10.—Thermometer fell sixty degrees here in twenty-four hours.

Normal college at Albany, N. Y., sustained \$200,000 fire loss.

Not Deficit.  
Austin, Jan. 10.—The state treasurer called for the payment of warrants registered under the new fiscal year from No. 1 to No. 1,554 inclusive, representing \$187,356, leaving the net deficit \$1,176,508. The last warrant registered was No. 28,576.

Dr. Tabor Sails for Europe.  
Austin, Jan. 10.—Dr. Tabor and wife left here for Galveston to embark on the steamship Breslau for a three-months' tour of Europe.

Treis to Prove an Alibi.  
Quilman, Tex., Jan. 10.—In the Turman case evidence in an effort to prove an alibi was introduced Tuesday. Turman was on the stand.

OKLAHOMA'S PEOPLE.  
Secretary Grimes Has Submitted His Figures on the Subject.

Guthrie, Jan. 10.—William Grimes, territorial secretary, estimates that at the present time Oklahoma has a population of 449,000, including the Osage Indian nation. He was recently asked for figures as nearly correct as could be obtained at this time, and he bases his estimate on the total vote cast in the November, 1904, election.

LEAD FOUND.  
There is Great Excitement at Tulsa in Consequence.

Tulsa, I. T., Jan. 10.—Lead of first quality and in paying quantities was discovered while blasting rock at the stone quarry of C. O. Frye, one mile southeast of Tulsa. The ore was discovered near the surface, giving indications of a strong lead. The whole city is excited over the find.

Music Store Burns.  
Kingfisher, Okla., Jan. 10.—Fire destroyed the music store and stock of William Gilbert, completely gutting the building and burning also a number of expensive pianos. The total loss is \$3,500, with \$1,700 insurance. With difficulty other business buildings were saved.

BRIEFLY NOTED.

Colorado, Tex., is to have a \$15,000 high school.

About 8,000 feet of lumber buried at Detroit, Tex.

Reeves hotel, at Mexia, Tex., burned. Inmates barely escaped.

At the Dallas poultry show about 1,000 birds are on exhibition.

Dr. A. G. Slason, a well known Texas physician, is dead at Willis Point.

Half a million more silver dollars will be shipped from Mexico to China.

Joseph Stowdy, a negro, was convicted at Kaufman, Tex., of criminal assault on a girl of his race and given eight years.

## BURGESS IS OPPOSED.

Texan and Minority Leader Have  
a Lively Colloquy On

### PHILIPPINE TARIFF

Leue Star Congressman Says That  
the Democrats, to Be Consistent,  
Should Favor Only  
Free Trade.

Washington, Jan. 10.—The Philippine tariff measure was the topic of discussion in the house Tuesday. The speeches were uniformly against the measure and were allowed to go in general without answer. Digression in the form of a tariff revision discussion was made in a brief speech by Mr. Gillett of Massachusetts, who favored Canadian reciprocity. Mr. Boyne of Colorado discussed the bill from the standpoint of the beet sugar industry.

Mr. Burgess of Texas opposed it on constitutional grounds and had a lively colloquy with the minority leader, Mr. Williams, on this point. He charged that Democrats to be consistent should oppose anything but free trade with the Philippines on the ground that it was an American possession. Mr. Williams defended the minority position by stating that he was supporting the bill because it was as near free trade as it was possible to obtain from the majority. The large was drawn sharply between the two members of the minority and furnished the interesting situation of the day.

"I want to see the Philippines treated as a foreign territory," Mr. Burgess declared. "I want to see the time approach rapidly when we can cut loose from that pestiferous gang over there."

Mr. Williams, the minority leader, interjected, "I take it the gentleman will agree with me that whatever the Philippines ought to be, they are at the present time colonies of the United States?"

"I did not create existing conditions, and I'll not recognize them," replied Mr. Burgess.

A colloquy ensued between the minority leader and Mr. Burgess in which Mr. Williams was put on the defense of his position on the bill. Mr. Burgess wanted to know if Mr. Williams believed the constitution extended to the Philippines.

Mr. Williams retorted that the supreme court had extended it there.

"Then how could Mr. Williams favor this bill which levied duties against a part of the United States?" inquired Mr. Burgess.

Mr. Williams explained that the minority substitute for the bill provided for free trade. Knowing that it was impossible to get that he should vote for the Republican reduction.

Mr. Burgess regarded any tariff between the United States and the Philippines as unconstitutional and said he should vote against the bill. He suggested that if the Democrats would join forces with the Republican opponents on the bill it would be defeated.

This was preferring grand larceny to petit larceny, according to Mr. Williams, because to defeat the bill would be to leave the present higher schedules in force.

Mr. Burgess retorted that the whole was a mess of pottage. "Give us a square deal," he demanded. "Quit cutting down the schedules on agricultural products and turn your attention to iron and steel."

At this point Mr. Clark of Missouri appealed to the Republican recalcitrants to join the Democrats and pass a measure "to turn these islands loose—out loose forever from them."

Mr. Burgess had read a resolution for the establishment of a free government in the Philippines, which he advocated. Turning his attention to the "expansion of the office of the executive," Mr. Burgess said the constitution made no mention of cabinet officers; they were mere clerks to the president, hence an "administration" measure or policy ought to have no weight with the American people. For this reason he gave no weight to the administration policy in the Philippines. He spoke at length in support of his proposition for independence of the Philippines.

### COTTON GINNED.

Figures Given Out by Census Bureau Up to First of Year.

Washington, Jan. 10.—According to a bulletin issued by the census bureau, 9,721,775 bales of cotton were ginned to Jan. 1, 1906, counting round as half bales, and excluding linters. Number of round bales included 263,424; Sea Island bales, 98,939. There was no report for corresponding period last year and comparative statistics are not available.

The statistics were compiled from telegraphic reports of the special agents who canvassed the ginneries and are subject to slight corrections when checked against the individual returns of the ginneries, being transmitted to the office through the mails.

The last report showed 9,292,191 bales, counting round as half bales, ginned to Dec. 13, 1905.

### No Through Grain Rates.

Chicago, Jan. 10.—Western railroads here decided not to put in through rates on grain from Missouri river territory to the eastern seaboard on Jan. 15, notwithstanding a previous agreement to do so. The abrogation of the agreement has developed a condition that will probably turn a great amount of grain to Gulf ports.

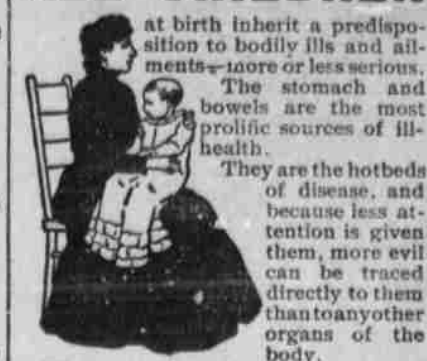
### Physician Passed Away.

New York, Jan. 10.—Dr. Robert V. Steger, who was found Wednesday night unconscious in his room at the Audobon hotel, died Wednesday at Bellevue hospital. He drank a mixture of chloroform and morphine.

### Call Money Tuesday.

New York, Jan. 10.—Money on call was firm at 1/2 per cent.

## ALL CHILDREN



### Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin

should be taken at once. It is the best preparation for the stomach and bowels.

If they are all out of order, it will eradicate the trouble, tone up the parts and restore them to their natural condition. DR. CALDWELL'S SYRUP PEPSIN communicates itself to the whole system and its beneficial and curative effects are pronounced and instantly experienced.

It will keep you in good health. DR. CALDWELL'S SYRUP PEPSIN can be obtained in both dollar and half-dollar sizes from all druggists.

Your money will be refunded if it does not benefit you.

Your postal card request will bring by return mail our new booklet, "DR. CALDWELL'S BOOK OF WONDERS" and free sample to those who have never tried this wonderful remedy. Write for it today.

PEPSIN SYRUP CO.  
Monticello, Illinois

### A FAMILY SAFEGUARD



Dr. Green arranges with the Niece of Dr. Bo-schee to handle her famous Uncle's Great Throat and Lung Cure.

The best family safeguard is a reliable household medicine that will cure croup, coughs, colds, chills, sensations, running eyes and nose, sore throat and bronchial affections—that will keep the children proof against all contagious diseases.

Such a medicine is Boschee's German Syrup, which has a record of 35 years in the cure of consumption, catarrh and all lung and bronchial troubles.

The fame of German Syrup as a consumptive cure, since its purchase by Dr. Green from the niece of the famous Dr. Boschee, has extended to all parts of the earth. It has big sales everywhere.

Two sizes, 25c and 75c. All druggists.

## Every Two Minutes

Physicians tell us that all the blood in a healthy human body passes through the heart once in every two minutes. If this action becomes irregular the whole body suffers. Poor health follows poor blood; Scott's Emulsion makes the blood pure. One reason why

## SCOTT'S EMULSION

is such a great aid is because it passes so quickly into the blood. It is partly digested before it enters the stomach; a double advantage in this. Less work for the stomach; quicker and more direct benefits. To get the greatest amount of good with the least possible effort is the desire of everyone in poor health. Scott's Emulsion does just that. A change for the better takes place even before you expect it.



We will send you a sample free. Be sure that this picture in the form of a label is on the wrapper of every bottle of Emulsion you buy. **SCOTT & BOWNE** Chemists 405 Pearl St., N. Y. 50 cents and \$1.00 All druggists